

# **Institute of Refractories Engineers**

# **DESIGN ISSUES**

IRE Training Day 25 September 2008

Sam Franklin



# Batching

- Loading
- Expansion Allowance
- Integrity & Stability
- Design for Installation
- Fail-Safe Design



# Loading

- Shipping Loads Truck and Container Weights
- Installation Loads Crane Weights, Scaffold loads
- Structural and Foundation Loads
- How Much Does a Refractory Weigh?



The Golden Rule of Refractory Design If you do not put in the correct expansion allowance SOMETHING will get broken

Typical FREE Expansion Movement.

Steel Ladle Working Lining Diameter 3m, Temp 1500°C, Material – MgO-C 140mm

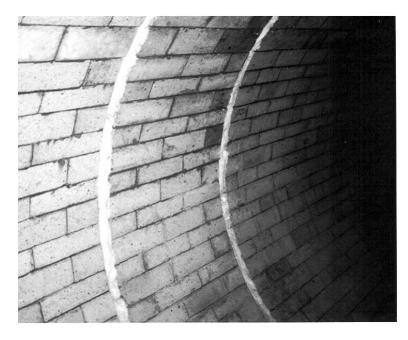
This is a equivalent to a strain of 1.5%



Types of allowance Compressible Layer Combustible Layer Allow Shell deformation Free Expansion Anchor Expansion



Compressible Layer

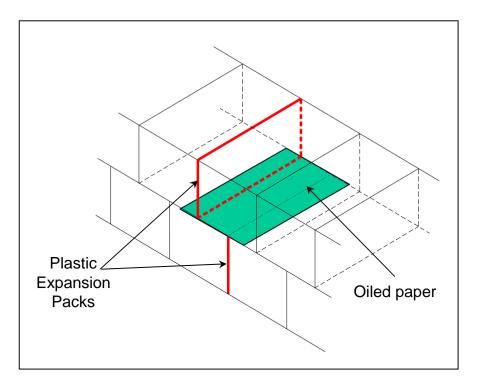




Ceramic Fibre Ramming/Plastic Refractory Dry Vibrateable



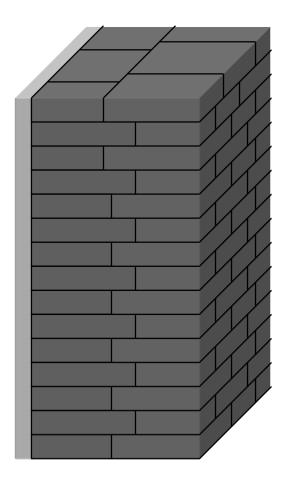
Combustible Layer







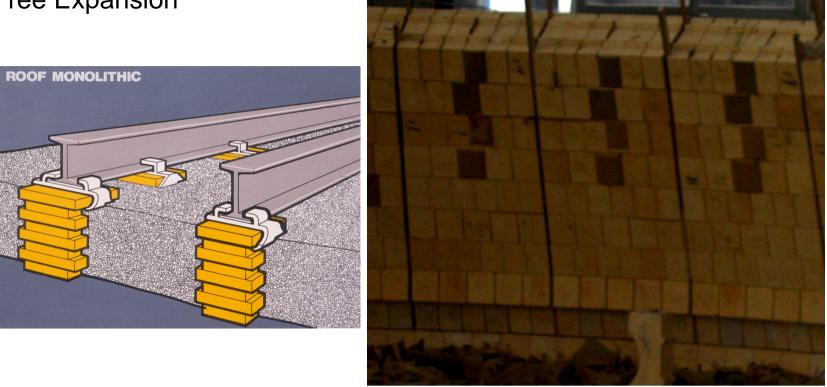
Allow Shell deformation







#### Free Expansion





Expansion of Anchors for Monolithic Linings





What Happens when it all goes wrong?



## Integrity and Stability

Castable – drying shrinkage – Crack paths

Low Tensile Strength - Arch stability

Openings – Doorways, Instruments

Anchor Spacing



#### **Design for Installation**

Installation time Cost Lost Production

Piece Size Fitting/Cutting Space to Work



#### Fail-Safe Design

What is failure mechanism? How good should the safety lining be? How frequent is an inspection? Monitoring techniques



# Thank You For Your Attention